

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER II / 2025

- 1. Balance sheet
- 2. Income statement
- 3. Cash flow statement
- 4. Notes to the financial statements

Address: Km 1877, National Road 1K, Dong Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

BALANCE SHEET

As of 30 June 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		56.570.218.000	41.840.535.406
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	1	18.633.050.545	9.113.121.011
1. Cash	111		14.000.293.580	4.569.913.466
2. Cash equivalents	112		4.632.756.965	4.543.207.545
II. Short-term financial investments	120		_	- /
Trading securities	121		-	-
2. Provisions for devaluation of trading securities	122		-	-
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123	2	-	- "
III. Short-term receivables	130		22.554.541.705	20.825.591.955
1. Short-term trade receivables	131		320.873.191.414	320.001.309.254
 Short-term trade receivables Short-term prepayments to suppliers 	132		72.576.230.885	72.435.982.785
3. Short-term inter-company receivables	133		· ·	-
Receivable according to the progress of				
4. construction contract	134		-	-
5. Receivables for short-term loans	135		75.166.947.757	75.166.947.757
6. Other short-term receivables	136	3	53.708.207.261	52.991.387.771
7. Allowance for short-term doubtful debts	137		(499.770.035.612)	(499.770.035.612)
8. Deficit assets for treatment	139		-	-
IV. Inventories	140		13.808.824.722	11.888.379.410
1. Inventories	141	4	61.776.639.313	59.856.194.001
2. Allowance for inventories	149		(47.967.814.591)	(47.967.814.591)
V. Other current assets	150		1.573.801.028	13.443.030
Short-term prepaid expenses	151		1.564.335.034	-
2. Deductible VAT	152		-	=
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State	153		9.465.994	13.443.030
4. Trading Government bonds	154		-	-
5. Other current assets	155		-	-

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Code	Note _	Ending balance	Beginning balance
200		127.607.284.234	129.697.209.358
210		129.738.288	129.738.288
211		Η.	-
212		₹	-
213		-	-
214		-	-
215		=	-
216		129.738.288	129.738.288
219		-	-
220	5	82.049.752.009	84.566.286.465
221	5a		84.566.286.465
222		199.850.272.692	202.236.870.120
223		(117.800.520.683)	(117.670.583.655)
224	5b	÷	-
225		1.376.685.762	1.376.685.762
226		(1.376.685.762)	(1.376.685.762)
227		*	-
228		-	-
229		-	-
230		-	-
231		-	-
232		-	-
240		8.993.791.207	8.993.791.207
241		-	-
242	6	8.993.791.207	8.993.791.207
250	7	34.061.563.398	34.061.563.398
251		-	-
252		1.050.000.000	1.050.000.000
253		34.880.800.000	34.880.800.000
254		(1.869.236.602)	(1.869.236.602)
255		-	-
260		2.372.439.332	1.945.830.000
261	8	2.372.439.332	1.945.830.000
		-	÷
		_	-
268		-	-
270	-	184.177.502.234	171.537.744.764
	200 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 240 241 242 250 251 252 253 254 255 260 261 262 263 268	210 211 212 213 214 215 216 219 220	200 127.607.284.234 210 129.738.288 211 - 212 - 213 - 214 - 215 - 216 129.738.288 219 - 220 5 82.049.752.009 221 5a 82.049.752.009 222 199.850.272.692 217.800.520.683 - 224 5b - 225 1.376.685.762 226 (1.376.685.762) 227 - 228 - 229 - 230 - 231 - 232 - 240 8.993.791.207 241 - 242 6 8.993.791.207 250 7 34.061.563.398 251 - - 252 1.050.000.000 253 34.880.800.000 254 (

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

ITEMS	Code	Note _	Ending balance	Beginning balance
C - LIABILITIES	300		1.175.217.553.284	1.165.419.120.634
 Current liabilities Short-term trade payables Short-term advances from customers Taxes and other obligations to the State Budget Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Short-term inter-company payables Payable according to the progress of construction contracts Short-term unearned revenue Other short-term payables Short-term borrowings and financial leases Provisions for short-term payables Bonus and welfare funds Price stabilization fund Trading Government bonds 	310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324	9 10a	1.175.217.553.284 143.280.696.808 61.247.535.544 3.549.626.801 1.379.795.497 14.179.366.905 	1.165.419.120.634 139.666.243.216 63.151.883.258 410.351.884 1.481.845.882 14.179.820.061 - 605.420.297.063 339.277.371.124 - 1.831.308.146
 II. Non-current liabilities Long-term trade payables Long-term advances from customers Long-term accrued expenses Inter-company payables for working capital Long-term inter-company payables Long-term unearned revenue Other long-term payables Long-term borrowings and financial leases Convertible bonds Preferred shares Deferred income tax liability Provisions for long-term payables Science and technology development fund 	330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343	10b		-

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ITEMS	Code	Note _	Ending balance	Beginning balance
D - OWNER'S EQUITY	400		(991.040.051.050)	(993.881.375.870)
I. Owner's equity	410	11	(991.040.051.050)	(993.881.375.870)
1. Capital	411		329.935.500.000	329.935.500.000
- Ordinary shares carrying voting rights	411a		329.935.500.000	329.935.500.000
- Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2. Share premiums	412		i=1	-
3. Bond conversion options	413		-	-
4. Other sources of capital	414		-	-
5. Treasury stocks	415		(559.957.325)	(559.957.325)
6. Differences on asset revaluation	416		-	-
7. Foreign exchange differences	417		-	-
8. Investment and development fund	418		72.523.342.462	72.523.342.462
9. Business arrangement supporting fund	419		· -	- '
10. Other funds	420		H	-
11. Retained earnings	421		(1.395.780.261.007)	(1.395.780.261.007)
- Retained earnings accumulated				
to the end of the previous period	421a		(1.395.780.261.007)	(1.395.780.261.007)
- Retained earnings of the current period	<i>421b</i>		2.841.324.820	-
12. Construction investment fund	422		=	-
II. Other sources and funds	430		_	-
Sources of expenditure	431		-	<u> </u>
2. Fund to form fixed assets	432		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	440	=	184.177.502.234	171.537.744.764

Nguyan Thi Ngaa Tram

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tram Preparer/Chief Accountant CÔNG TY
CỔ PHẦN
BETON 6

Nguyen Xuan Vinh General Director

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

INCOME STATEMENT QUARTER 2.2025

Unit: VND

	ITEMS	Code	Note	Quarter 2 Current year	Quarter 2 Prior year	Current year	Prior year
1. Sales		01	12	31.012.349.907	15.872.747.888	59.949.258.871	23.843.110.554
2. Sales deduc	tions	02				-	-
3. Net sales		10		31.012.349.907	15.872.747.888	59.949.258.871	23.843.110.554
4. Cost of sale	s	11	13	24.999.327.425	14.565.667.792	48.101.707.399	20.950.593.433
5. Gross profi	t	20		6.013.022.482	1.307.080.096	11.847.551.472	2.892.517.121
6. Financial in	come	21	14	51.249.653	81.251.339	97.752.377	98.612.971
7. Financial ex	xpenses	22	15	1.950.931.848	32.906.325.044	3.967.625.448	32.906.325.044
In which: Lo	oan interest expenses	23		1.950.931.848	32.906.325.044	3.967.625.448	32.906.325.044
8. Selling expe	enses	25	16	-	-	-	-
9. General and	d administration expenses	26	17	2.446.029.074	7.832.402.094	6.236.053.581	9.995.495.099
10. Net operati	ng profit/ (loss)	30		1.667.311.213	(39.350.395.703)	1.741.624.820	(39.910.690.051)
11. Other incor	me	31	18	1.169.700.000	-	1.169.700.000	-
12. Other expe	nses	32	19	-	7.389.615.897	70.000.000	7.393.394.931
13. Other profi	t/ (loss)	40		1.169.700.000	(7.389.615.897)	1.099.700.000	(7.393.394.931)
14. Total accou	nting profit/ (loss) before tax	50		2.837.011.213	(46.740.011.600)	2.841.324.820	(47.304.084.982)
15. Current inc	come tax	51			-	-	-
16. Deferred in	come tax	52		-	-	-	-
17. Profit/ (loss) after tax	60		2.837.011.213	(46.740.011.600)	2.841.324.820	(47.304.084.982)
9					3700364073	Ho Chi Minh, 30	July 2025

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tram Preparer/Chief Accountant Nguyen Xuan Vinh General Director

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Direct method)

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025 (From 01/01 to 30/06/2025)

Unit: VND

Cumulative from the Beginning of the Year to the End

			i ear to t	ne Enu
	ITEMS	Code Note	Current year	Prior year
I.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
1.	Receipt form sales, supplying services and other revenue	01	61.636.748.079	32.326.778.840
2.	Payment for suppliers	02	(42.649.656.441)	(8.705.389.196)
3.	Payment for employees	03	(6.759.629.051)	(10.253.943.955)
4.	Payment for loan interest	04	-	-
5.	Corporate income tax paid	05		=
6.	Other receipt from operating activities	06	83.109.914	345.473.707
7.	Other payment for operating activites	07	(4.172.927.252)	(11.684.563.001)
NE	T CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20	8.137.645.249	2.028.356.395
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			ô
1.	Purchases and construction of fixed assets and other non-current			~/
	assets	21	-	_ ^
2.	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other non-current assets			F
		22	1.286.670.000	-
3.	Cash outflow for lending, buying debt instruments of other entities	23	-	_ ['] N
4.	Cash recovered from lending, selling debt instruments of other			•
4.	entities	24	· -	-
5.	Investments in other entities	25		_
5. 6.	Withdrawals of investments in other entities	26	-	100.000.000
0.	Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27	95.614.285	98.612.971
/.	TT CASH FLOWS FORM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	30	1.382.284.285	198.612.971
	. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
1	Proceeds from issuing stocks and capital contributions			
1.	from owners	31	-	-
2.	Repayment for capital contributions and re-purchases		-	
۷.	of stocks already issued	32	-	2.000.000.000
3.	Proceeds from borrowings	33	-	-
3. 4.	Repayment for loan principal	34	-	-
5.	Payments for financial leased assets	35	-	=
5. 6	Dividends and profit paid to the owners	36	-	-
NI	ET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	40	-	2.000.000.000
IVL	Net cash flows during the year	-	9.519.929.534	4.226.969.366
		50	9.519.929.554	4.220.303.300
	Beginning cash and cash equivalents	60	9,113.121.011	7.068.812.319
	Effects of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates	61	_	_
			18.633.050.545	11.295.781.685
	Ending cash and cash equivalents	70		11.273.701.003
		2003640	20	

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tram Preparer/Chief Accountant Nguyen Xuan Vinh General Director

Hochi Minh, 30 July 2025

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ouarter 2 for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Ownership form

Beton 6 Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") is a joint stock company.

2. Operating field

The Corporation operates in fields of production of pre-cast concrete structures.

3. Principal business activities

Principal business activities of the Corporation are producing and installing pre-cast concrete structures (beams, piles, etc.); manufacturing construction materials; constructing transportation works, bridges and drains, roads and ports; providing dredging and surface reinforcement services, digging and executing foundation of construction works, providing work execution service by blasting method; executing industrial construction works; transporting freshly-mixed concrete products and providing super load service.

II. FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

1. Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Corporation is from 01 January to 31 December annually.

2. Accounting currency unit

The accounting currency unit is Vietnamese Dong (VND) since the Corporation's transactions are primarily made in VND.

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM

1. Accounting System

The Corporation applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System, which were issued together with the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 as well as the Circulars guiding the implementation of the Accounting Standards of the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements.

2. Statement on the compliance with the Accounting Standards and System

The General Director ensures to follow all the requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System, which were issued together with the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 as well as the Circulars guiding the implementation of the Accounting Standards of the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Accounting convention

All the Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis (except for the information related to cash flows).

2. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as of the transaction dates. The ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as of the balance sheet date.

Foreign exchange differences arisen from foreign currency transactions during the year shall be included into financial income or financial expenses. Foreign exchange differences due to the revaluation of ending balances of the monetary items in foreign currencies after offsetting their positive differences against negative differences shall be included into financial income or financial expenses.

The exchange rate used to convert foreign currency transactions is the actual exchange rate ruling as at the time of these transactions. The actual exchange rates applied to foreign currency transactions are as follows:

- For receivables: the buying rate of foreign currency ruling as at the time of transaction of the commercial bank where the Corporation designates the customers to make payments.
- For payables: the selling rate of foreign currency ruling as at the time of transaction of the commercial bank where the Corporation supposes to make payments.
- For acquisition of assets or immediate payments in foreign currency (not included into payable accounts): the buying rate of the commercial bank where the Corporation makes payments.

The exchange rate used to re-evaluate ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies is determined in accordance with following principles:

- For foreign currency deposits: the buying rate of the bank where the Corporation opens its foreign currency account.
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as other assets: the buying rate of Vietinbank where the Corporation frequently conducts transactions.
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as liabilities: the selling rate of Vietinbank where the Corporation frequently conducts transactions.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term investments of which the due dates cannot exceed 03 months from the dates of the investments and the convertibility into cash is easy, and which do not have a lot of risks in the conversion into cash as of the balance sheet date.

4. Financial investments

Held-to-maturity investments

Investments are classified as held-to-maturity investments that the Corporation intends and is able to hold to maturity. The Corporation's held-to-maturity investments include term deposits in bank.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, these investments are recorded at recoverable value. Interest from these held-to-maturity investments after acquisition date is recognized in the profit or loss on the basis of the interest income to be received. Interests arising prior to the Corporation's acquisition of held-to-maturity investments are recorded as a decrease in the costs as at the acquisition time.

When there are reliable evidences proving that a part or the whole investment cannot be recovered and the loss are reliably determined, the loss is recognized as financial expenses during the year while the investment value is derecognized.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Loans

Loans are determined at original costs less allowance for doubtful debts, which is made on the basis of estimated losses.

Investments in associates

Associate

An associate is an entity which the Corporation has significant influence but not the control to govern the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is the right to participate in making the associate's financial and operating policies but not control those policies.

Initial recognition

Investments in associates are initially recognized at original costs, including the cost of purchase or capital contributions plus other directly attributable transaction cost. In case of investment in non-monetary assets, the costs of the investment are recognized at the fair value of non-monetary assets at the arising time.

Dividends and profits of the periods prior to the purchase of investments are recorded as a decrease in value of such investments. Dividends and profit of the periods after the purchase of investments are recorded into the Corporation's sales. Particularly, the dividends paid in form of shares are not recorded as an increase in values, but the increasing quantity is followed up.

Provisions for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, and associates

Provisions for impairment of investments in associates are made when these entities suffers from losses at the rate equal to the difference between the actual capital invested by investors in associates and the actual owner's equity multiplying (x) by the Corporation's rate of capital contribution over the total actual capital invested by investors in associates. If the associates are consolidated into Consolidated Financial Statements, the basis for impairment provisions is the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Increases/ (decreases) in the provisions for impairment of investments in associates are recognized as financial expenses as of the balance sheet date.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include such investments in equity instruments that the Corporation does not have the control, joint control or significant influence on these entities.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at original costs, including the purchase price plus other directly attributable expenditure. Dividends and profits of the periods prior to the purchase of investments are recorded as a decrease in value of such investments. Dividends and profit of the periods after the purchase of investments are recorded into the Corporation's sales. Particularly, the dividends paid in form of shares are not recorded as an increase in values, but the increasing quantity is followed up.

Provisions for investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments in listed shares or the reliably determined fair value of investments, provisions are made on the basis of the market value of shares.
- For investments of which the fair value is unable to determine at the time of reporting, provisions are made on the basis of the losses of the invested entities at the rate equal to the difference between the actual capital invested by parties and the actual owner's equity multiplying (x) by the Corporation's rate of capital contribution in comparison with the total actual capital invested by parties.

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Increases/ (decreases) in the provisions for investments in equity instruments of other entities as of the balance sheet date are recorded into "Financial expenses".

5. Receivables

Receivables are recognized at the carrying amounts less allowances for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables as trade receivables and other receivables is made according the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect receivables concerning the commercial nature arising from purchase and sale transactions between the Corporation and customers who are independent to the Corporation.
- Other receivables reflect receivables not concerning the commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase and sale transactions.

Allowance is made for each doubtful debt on the basis of estimated loss.

Increases/ (decreases) in the obligatory allowance for doubtful debts as of the balance sheet date are recorded into "General and administration expenses".

6. Inventories

Inventories are recognized at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- For materials and merchandises: Costs comprise costs of purchases and other directly relevant costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions.
- Work-in-process: Costs comprise costs of main materials, labor and other directly relevant expenses.
- For finished goods: Costs comprise costs of materials, direct labor and directly relevant general manufacturing expenses allocated on the basis of normal operations.

Costs of inventories are determined in accordance with the weighted average method and recorded in line with the perpetual method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Allowance for inventories is recognized for each type of inventories when their costs are higher than their net realizable values. Increases/ (decreases) in the obligatory allowance for inventories as of the balance sheet date are recorded into "Costs of sales".

7. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses comprise actual expenses arising but relevant to financial performance in several accounting periods. Prepaid expenses of the Corporation mainly include repair expenses and expenses on reinforced concrete technology transfer. These prepaid expenses are allocated over the prepayment period or period of corresponding economic benefits generated from these expenses.

Repair expenses

Repair expenses include the expenses on expanding and repairing plants, repairing concrete mixing pot, and those on interior decoration. These expenses are allocated in accordance with the straight-line method for the period from 02 to 05 years.

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Expenses on reinforced concrete technology transfer

Expenses on reinforced concrete technology transfer are allocated in accordance with the straight-line method in 240 months.

8. Operating leased assets

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incident to ownership belonging to the lessor. The lease expenses are allocated in the Corporation's operating expenses in accordance with the straight-line method over the lease term and are not subject to the method of lease payment.

9. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are determined by their historical costs less accumulated depreciation. Historical costs of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses paid by the Corporation to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenses arising subsequent to initial recognition are included into historical costs of fixed assets only if it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of these assets. Those which do not meet the above conditions will be recorded into operation expenses during the year.

When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposal is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated in accordance with the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation years applied are as follows:

Fixed assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and structures	05 - 25
Machinery and equipment	05 - 10
Vehicles	06 - 10
Office equipment	03 - 07

10. Financial leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incident to ownership belonging to the lessee. Financial leased assets are determined by their historical costs less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost is the lower cost of the fair value of the leased asset at commencement of the lease term and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Discount rate used to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments is the interest rate implicit in the lease or else mentioned in the lease. If the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be determined, the incremental borrowing rate at commencement of the lease term will be applied.

Financial leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. If there is no reasonable certainty that the Corporation will obtain ownership at the end of the lease, the fixed asset shall be depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the asset. The depreciation years of the financial leased assets are from 05 to 08 years.

11. Investment property

Investment property is land use right held by the Corporation for capital appreciation. Investment property held for capital appreciation is measured at their historical costs less impairment. Historical cost includes all the expenses paid by the Corporation or the fair value of other considerations given to acquire the assets up to the date of its acquisition or construction.

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Expenses related to investment property arising subsequent to initial recognition should be added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Corporation.

When the investment property is sold or disposed, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposals is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

The transfer from owner-occupied property or inventories into investment property shall be made only when there is a change in use evidenced by the end of owner-occupation and the commencement of an operating lease to another party or the end of construction. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories shall be made when, and only when, there is a change in use evidenced by the commencement of owner-occupation or the commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the historical cost or net book value of investment property at the date of transfer.

12. Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress reflects the expenses (including relevant loan interest expenses following the accounting policies of the Corporation) directly attributable to assets under construction, machinery and equipment under installation for purposes of production, leasing and management as well as the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are recorded at historical costs and not depreciated.

13. Payables and accrued expenses

Payables and accrued expenses are recorded for the amounts payable in the future associated with the goods and services already received. Accrued expenses are recorded based on reasonable estimates for the amounts payable.

The classification of payables as trade payables, accrued expenses and other payables is made on the basis of following principles:

- Trade payables reflect payables of commercial nature arising from the purchase of goods, services, or assets, of which the seller is an independent entity with the Corporation.
- Accrued expenses reflect expenses for goods, services received from suppliers or supplied to customers but have not been paid, invoiced or lack of accounting records and supporting documents; pay on leave payable to employees; and accrual of operation expenses.
- Other payables reflect payables of non-commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase, sales of goods or provisions of services.

Payables and accrued expenses are classified into short-term and long-term items in the Balance Sheet on the basis of their remaining maturity as of the balance sheet date.

14. Provisions for warranty of construction works

Provisions for warranty expenses is made for each type of construction works under the commitment of warranty at the rate from 02% - 05%, depending on the warranty commitment made with customers.

15. Owner's equity

Capital

The Corporation's capital is recorded according to the actual amount already invested by shareholders.

Treasury shares

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When a share capital in the owner's equity is re-purchased, the amount payable including the expenses related to the transaction is recorded as treasury shares and is recorded as a decrease in owner's equity. When this share capital is re-issued, the difference between the re-issuance price and carrying value of treasury shares is recorded in "Share premiums".

16. Profit distribution

Profit after tax is distributed to the shareholders after appropriation for funds under the Charter of the Corporation as well as legal regulations and approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to the shareholders is made with consideration toward non-cash items in the retained earnings that may affect cash flows and payment of dividends such as profit due to revaluation of assets contributed as investment capital, profit due to revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-cash items.

Dividends are recorded as payables when the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders approves.

17. Recognition of sales and income

Sales of merchandises, finished goods

Sales of merchandises, finished goods shall be recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Corporation transfers most of risks and benefits incident to the ownership of merchandises, products to customers.
- The Corporation retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the merchandises, products sold.
- The amount of sales can be measured reliably. The amount of sales can be measured reliably. Where the contracts stipulate that buyers have the right to return products, merchandises purchased under specific conditions, sales are recorded only when those specific conditions are no longer exist and buyers retains no right to return products, merchandises (except for the case that such returns are in exchange for other goods or services).
- The Corporation received or shall probably receive the economic benefits associated with the transaction.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Sales of service provision

Sales of service provision shall be recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of sales can be measured reliably. When the contract stipulates that the buyer is entitled to return the services provided under specific conditions, sales is recognized only when these specific conditions are no longer existed and the buyer is not entitled to return the services provided.
- The Corporation received or shall probably receive the economic benefits associated with the provision of services.
- The stage of completion of the transaction at the end of reporting period can be measured reliably.
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

In the case that the services are provided in several accounting periods, the determination of sales during the period is done on the basis of the stage of completion as of the balance sheet date.

Interest

Interest is recorded, based on the term and the actual interest rate applied in each particular period.



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Dividends and profit shared

Dividends and profit shared are recognized when the Corporation has the right to receive dividends or profit from the capital contribution. Particularly, the dividends paid in form of shares are not recorded as an increase in value, but the increasing quantity is followed up.

18. Construction contracts

A construction contract is a contract agreement for the construction of an asset or combination of assets which are closely related or interdependent in terms of design, technology, functionality or their basic using purpose.

When the outcome of the construction contracts is estimated reliably,

- For the construction contracts stipulating that the contractors are paid according to the planned progress: revenue and costs related to these contracts are recognized in proportion to the stage of completion of contract activity as determined by the Corporation itself as of the balance sheet date.
- For the construction contracts stipulating that the contractors are paid according to the work actually performed: revenue and costs related to these contracts are recognized in proportion to the stage of completion of contract activity as confirmed in the invoices made by the customers.

Increases/ (decreases) in revenue of the works done, compensation receivable and other receivables are only recognized upon the agreement with customers.

When the outcome of the construction contracts cannot be estimated reliably,

- Contract revenue is recognized only to the extent that contract costs incurred are expected to be reliably recoverable.
- Contract costs are only recognized as actually incurred.

The difference between total accumulated revenue from the construction contract already recognized and the accumulated amount in the invoices according to the planned progress of contract is recognized as an amount receivable or an amount payable according to the planned progress of implementation of the construction contracts.

19. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include loan interest and other costs incurred directly relevant to borrowings.

Borrowing costs are recorded as an expense when it is incurred. In case the borrowing costs are directly attributable to the construction or the production of an asset in progress, which takes a substantial period of time (over 12 months) to get ready for intended use or sales of the asset, these costs will be included in the cost of that asset. To the extent that the borrowings are especially for the purpose of construction of fixed assets and investment properties, the borrowing cost is eligible for capitalization even if construction period is under 12 months. Incomes arisen from provisional investments as loans are recognized as a decrease in the costs of relevant assets.

In the event that general borrowings are partly used for the acquisition, construction or production of an asset in progress, the costs eligible for capitalization will be determined by applying the capitalization rate to average accumulated expenditure on construction or production of that asset. The capitalization rate is computed at the weighted average interest rate of the borrowings not yet paid during the year, except for particular borrowings serving the purpose of obtaining a specific asset.

20. Expenses

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Expenses are those that result in outflows of the Corporation's economic benefits and are recorded at the time of transactions or when incurrence of the transaction is reliable regardless of whether payment for expenses is made or not.

Expenses and their corresponding revenues are simultaneously recognized in accordance with matching principle. In the event that matching principle conflicts with prudence principle, expenses are recognized based on the nature and regulations of accounting standards in order to guarantee that transactions can be fairly and truly reflected.

21. Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax.

Corporate income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount computed based on the taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between tax and accounting figures, non-deductible expenses as well as those of non-taxable income and losses brought forward.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is the amount of corporate income tax payable or refundable due to temporary differences between book values of assets and liabilities serving the preparation of the Financial Statements and the values for tax purposes. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all the temporary taxable differences. Deferred income tax assets are recorded only when there is an assurance on the availability of taxable income in the future against which the temporarily deductible differences can be used.

Carrying values of deferred corporate income tax assets are considered as of the balance sheet date and will be reduced to the rate that ensures enough taxable income against which the benefits from part of or all of the deferred income tax can be used. Deferred corporate income tax assets, which have not been recorded before, are considered as of the balance sheet date and are recorded when there is certainly enough taxable income to use these unrecognized deferred corporate income tax assets.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are determined at the estimated rate to be applied in the year when the assets are recovered or the liabilities are settled based on the effective tax rates as of the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax is recognized in the Income Statement. In the case that deferred income tax is related to the items of the owner's equity, corporate income tax will be included in the owner's equity.

The Corporation shall offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if:

- The Corporation has the legal right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities; and
- Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are relevant to corporate income tax which is under the management of one tax authority either:
 - Of the same subject to corporate income tax; or
 - The Corporation has intention to pay current income tax liabilities and current income tax assets on a net basis or recover tax assets and settle tax liability simultaneously in each future period to the extent that the majority of deferred income tax liabilities or deferred income tax assets are paid or recovered.

22. Related parties

A party is considered a related party of the Corporation in case that party is able to control the Corporation or to cause material effects on the financial decisions as well as the operations of the

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Corporation. A party is also considered a related party of the Corporation in case that party is under the same control or is subject to the same material effects.

Considering the relationship of related parties, the nature of relationship is focused more than its legal form.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025 Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash Equivalents

Current period	Prior period
8.052.781	20.105.281
13.992.240.799	6.111.446.584
4.632.756.965	5.164.229.820
4.632.756.965	5.164.229.820
18.633.050.545	11.295.781.685
	8.052.781 13.992.240.799 4.632.756.965 4.632.756.965

2. Held To Maturity

	Current	period	Prior p	eriod
	Original price	Book value	Original price	Book value
Short term	-	~	~	-
Term Deposit	-	-	-	-
Bonds	=	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-
Long term	-	-	-	-
Term Deposit	-	-	-	-
Bonds	. <u>.</u>	-	-	-
Other investments		•	_	_
Total	-	-		1

Address: Km 1877, National Road 1K, Dong Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.) 3. Other Receivables

3a. Other short-term Receivables

Ju. Other short-term Receivables					
	Current p	period	Prior period		
	Balance	Provision	Balance	Provision	
Receivables from related parties	6.728.945.263	(6.728.945.263)	6.728.945.263	(6.728.945.263)	
Industry Construction Corporation – Loan interest receivable	6.728.945.263	(6.728.945.263)	6.728.945.263	(6.728.945.263)	
Receivables from other organizations and individuals	46.979.080.180	(41.312.550.926)	46.250.138.118	(41.312.550.926)	
3D – Long Hau Co., Ltd estimated interest on loan given	29.689.153.515	(29.689.153.515)	29.689.153.515	(29.689.153.515)	
620 Ben Tre Construction Corp. – Loan got on other's behalf and dividends receivable	2.196.504.179	(2.196.504.179)	2.196.504.179	(2.196.504.179)	
H&B Engineering & Construction Corporation - office rental deposit			-		
HB Infrastructure Investment and Cement Company Limited - Receivable for share transfer	1.805.200.000		1.805.200.000		
Advance payment	9.739.714.217	(9.426.893.232)	9.566.800.551	(9.426.893.232)	
Receivable for share transfer					
Interest on loan given	106.490.336		106.490.336		
Short-term deposits	1.786.254.598		1.230.696.294	-	
Other short-term receivables	1.655.763.335		1.655.293.243		
Total	53.708.025.443	(48.041.496.189)	52.979.083.381	(48.041.496.189)	

3b, Long-term other receivables

30. Long-term other receivables	Current p	eriod	Prior period		
	Balance	Provision	Balance	Provision	
	-	-	-	-	
Receivables from other organizations and individuals	129.738.288	-	129.738.288	-	
Deposit	129.738.288	-	129.738.288		
Total	129.738.288	-	129.738.288	-	

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

	Y		
4.	Inve	nto	ries

	Current p	eriod	Prior p	eriod
	Original costs	Allowance	Original costs	Allowance
Materials and supplies	5.647.457.255	(1.202.243.325)	2.618.378.826	(1.202.243.325)
Tools	9.381.571	(9.381.571)	89.607.924	(9.381.571)
Work-in-process	31.185.997.514	(31.185.997.514)	31.185.997.514	(31.185.997.514)
Finished goods	24.338.972.525	(14.975.361.733)	25.170.603.774	(14.975.361.733)
Merchandises	594.830.448	(594.830.448)	594.830.448	(594.830.448)
Total	61.776.639.313	(47.967.814.591)	59.659.418.486	(47.967.814.591)

Allowance for inventories

	Current period	Prior period
Materials and supplies	1.202.243.325	1.202.243.325
Tools	9.381.571	9.381.571
Work-in-process	31.185.997.514	31.185.997.514
Finished goods	14.975.361.733	14.975.361.733
Merchandises	594.830.448	594.830.448
Total	47.967.814.591	47.967.814.591

The situation of fluctuations in inventory price reduction provisions is as follows:

	Current period	Prior period
Beginning balance	47.967.814.591	47.967.814.591
Ending balance	47.967.814.591	47.967.814.591

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025 Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

	Machinery and		Office	
8	Market Control of the		Office	
	equipment	Vehicles	equipment	Total
	-	-		-
60	46.176.593.401	20.328.581.253	2.110.513.506	202.236.870.120
	=			-
0)	(1.092.654.571)	(953.642.857)	-	(2.386.597.428)
60	45.083.938.830	19.374.938.396	2.110.513.506	199.850.272.692
				-
49	46.062.008.903	20.240.180.097	2.110.513.506	117.670.583.655
89	57.007.334	38.797.133		2.516.534.456
00)	(1.092.654.571)	(953.642.857)	2 110 512 506	(2.386.597.428)
38	45.026.361.666	19.325.334.373	2.110.513.506	117.800.520.683
		00.404.456		94.566.296.465
11	114.584.498	88.401.156		84.566.286.465
²² —	57.577.164	49.604.023		82.049.752.009
	Vehicles	Total		
62	-	1.376.685.762		
-		-		
		-		
<u></u>		1.376.685.762		
62	-	1.376.685.762		
	-	-		
		-		
62		1.376.685.762		
-				
 		-		
<u> </u>	Prior period			
207	8.993.791.207			
34	8.586.545.434			
73	407.245.773			
207	8.993.791.207			
1	 1 1.07 34	Prior period 1 Prior period 107 8.993.791.207 34 8.586.545.434 73 407.245.773	1.376.685.762 - 1.376.685.762	1.376.685.762 -

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

7. Long-term financial investments

/. Long-term financial investments						
		Current period		s.°	Prior period	
'	Original costs	Allowance	Fair value	Original costs	Allowance	Fair value
Investments in subsidiaries	1	x	ı	1	į	1
3D – Long Hau Co., Ltd	•		,			1
Investments in joint ventures and associates	1.050.000.000	434.236.602	I.050.000.000	1.050.000.000	•	1.050.000.000
H&B Engineering & Construction Corporation			•			ı
Beton 6 - Pro Corporation	1.050.000.000		1.050.000.000	1.050.000.000	ı	1.050.000.000
Investments in other entities	34.880.800.000	1.435.000.000	33.011.563.398	34.880.800.000	1.869.236.602	33.011.563.398
Transportation Import Export and Construction jont stock company	2.050.000.000	1.435.000.000	615.000.000	2.050.000.000	1.435.000.000	615.000.000
Balance Holding JSC	32.830.800.000	434.236.602	32.396.563.398	32.830.800.000	434.236.602	32.396.563.398
Total	35.930.800.000	1.869.236.602	34.061.563.398	35,930.800.000	1.869.236.602	34.061.563.398

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

8. Long-term prepaid expenses

	Current period	Prior period
Repair expenses		-
Expenses on reinforced concrete		
technology transfer	1.840.650.000	2.051.010.000
Office repair expenses	531.789.332	-
Other	-	-
Total	2.372.439.332	2.051.010.000

9. Taxes and other obligations to the State Budget

	Current	period	Prior pe	riod
	Payables	Receivables	Phải nộp	Phải thu
VAT on local sales	377.512.942		6.140.979.937	-
VAT on imports	-	-	-	-
Import- export duties	-	1.326.300	-	1.326.300
Corporate income tax	=	8.139.694	-	8.139.694
Personal income tax	43.443.795	-	2.582.629.259	-
Land rental	3.128.670.064	-	-	-
Other taxes	*	-	*	
Total	3.549.626.801	9.465.994	8.723.609.196	9.465.994

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

	_				-
10	1.091	ne an	d fins	ancial	lease

10a. Short-term borrowings and financial leases	Current period	Prior period
Short-term loans payable to related parties	1.587.000.000	1.587.000.000
Mr Pham Van Hien	87.000.000	87.000.000
Beton 6 E&C Joint Stock Company	1.500.000.000	1.500.000.000
Short-term loans and financial lease payable to other organizations and individuals	337.609.666.333	348.164.731.195
Vietcombank - Ho Chi Minh City Branch	63.771.084.251	63.771.084.251
Mrs Nguyen Thi Lan Anh	273.038.582.082	283.593.646.944
Mr Tran Thien Chau	800.000.000	800.000.000
Current portions of long-term loans	80.704.791	80.704.791
Financial lease	80.704.791	80.704.791
Total	339.277.371.124	349.832.435.986

10h Long torm	borrowings and	financial	longes
TOO. LONg-term	DOFFOWINGS and	ununciui	ieuses

	Current period	Prior period
Short-term loans payable to related parties	-	-
	-	-
Short-term loans and financial lease payable to other organizations and individuals	-	-
Current portions of long-term loans	_	-
Financial lease		-
Long-term borrowings		<u>-</u>
Total	-	-

BETON 6 CORPORATION Address: Km 1877, National Road 1K, Dong Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025 Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

11. Owner's equity

	Capital	Treasury shares	Investment and development fund	Retained earnings	Total
Beginning balance of the previous year	329.935.500.000	(559.957.325)	72.523.342.462	(1.318.841.970.619)	(916.943.085.482)
Profit in the previous year	1			(76.938.290.388)	(76.938.290.388)
Ending balance of the previous year ==	329.935.500.000	(559.957.325)	72.523.342.462	(1.395.780.261.007)	(993.881.375.870)
1-					
beginning balance of the current year	329.935.500.000	(559.957.325)	72.523.342.462	(1.395.780.261.007)	(993.881.375.870)
Profit in the current year			1	2.841.324.820	2.841.324.820
Ending balance of the current year	329.935.500.000	(559.957.325)	72.523.342.462	(1.392.938.936.187)	(991.040.051.050)

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

Sal	

12a. Gross sales

	Current period	Prior period
Sales of construction activities		
Sales of concrete products	31.012.349.907	14.518.175.677
Others	<u>-</u>	1.354.572.211
Total	31.012.349.907	15.872.747.888

12b. Sales deductions

	Current period	Prior period
Trade discount	-	-
Sales returns	-	-
Sales rebates	<u> </u>	
Total		_

13. Costs of sales

	Current period	Prior period
Costs of construction activities	-	-
Costs of concrete products	24.999.327.425	14.404.191.860
Other costs	-	161.475.932
Allowance for inventories		-
Total	24.999.327.425	14.565.667.792

14. Financial income

	51 040 650	
Bank deposit interest	51.249.653	81.251.339
Interest on loans given	-	-
Dividends shared	-	-
Exchange gain arising	-	-
Proceeds from capital transfer	-	-
Other	-	Section and the section of the secti
Total	51.249.653	81.251.339

Current period

Prior period

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

15. Financial expenses		
_	Current period	Prior period
Loan interest expenses	1.950.931.848	32.906.325.044
Interests on purchases with deferred payment	-	-
Exchange loss arising	-	-
Exchange loss due to the revaluation of monetary		
items in foreign currencies	-	*

items in foreign currencies	-	-	
Reversal of provisions for devaluation of			
investments in other entities	₩	-	
P			
Payment discounts			

Total	1.950.931.848	32.906.325.044

1.950.931.848

32.906.325.044

16. Selling expenses

	Current period	Prior period
Employees	-	-
External services rendered	-	
Other expenses		
Total	-	_

17. General and administration expenses

	Current period	Prior period
Materials and supplies	11.713.669	53.584.785
Employees	1.238.127.989	1.288.326.275
Allowance for doubtful debts		5.416.041.188
Land rental	782.167.515	770.614.083
Severance allowance	162.230.000	-
External services rendered		
Other expenses	251.789.901	303.835.763
Total	2.446.029.074	7.832.402.094

Address: Km 1877, National Road 1K, Dong Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025 Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

18.Other income		
	Current period	Prior period
Proceeds from liquidation and disposal of fixed assets	1.169.700.000	-
Proceeds from warranty of construction works		-
Other income	-	
Total	1.169.700.000	
19.Other expenses		

19.Other expenses		
	Current period	Prior period
Fines for late payment of social insurance premiums, tax		7 200 (11 2(5
fines and tax collected in arrears	-	7.389.611.365
Late payment interest	-	-
Other expenses		4.532
Total		7.389.615.897

20. Operating costs		
	Current period	Prior period
Materials and supplies	20.743.340.459	8.174.574.452
Labor	5.030.879.068	5.250.359.023
Depreciation of fixed assets	1.248.427.529	1.520.408.382
External services rendered	228.823.370	454.528.439
Other expenses	1.396.611.639	8.022.280.737
Total	28.648.082.065	23.422.151.033

Preparer/Chief Accountant

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tram

Ho Chi Minh, 50 July 2025

General Director

CÔNG TY

CỔ PHẦN

BETON 6

Nguyen Xuan Vinh